# **Getting Even**

Elementary school (upper grade)

Use some common properties of numbers. Explore a variety of situations that lead to the expression of relationships.	
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Press the following buttons and then start operation. $\square VC \square \square DE \bigcirc$ A game for two players The first player enters any number into his/her calculator without showing it to the other player. For example, 298. The second player then enters a number into his/her calculator without showing it to the other player. For example, 55. The players then show each other their numbers and add them. If the answer is even the first player scores 1 point; if the answer is odd, the second player scores 1 point. $\square VC 298 + 55 =$ The first player to score 10 points is the winner.	<sup>вее</sup> 298+55≕ ™ 353 a

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### ••••••••••Using the activity in the classroom •••••••••

The game is best played between pairs or small groups of students. It could be introduced by the teacher playing the game against some students.

While playing the game, students should be encouraged to reflect on whether the game is fair, and also try and think about the reasons for their conjectures.

Odd + Even = Odd Even + Odd = Odd Odd + Odd = Even Even + Even = Even

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More able students could try to formally prove their conjectures.

The idea can be extended by students thinking about the conditions for obtaining even or odd answers when three numbers are added, or four numbers, or...

#### **Further Ideas**

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